ICLIO Webinar: Coverage and Reimbursement Case Studies

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Off-Label Disclosure

 I do intend to discuss off-label uses of products during this activity.



Overview

- Identify the appropriate steps in developing an insurance payer reconsideration for Immuno-Oncology (I-O) products.
- Describe a method that is necessary to prepare, submit, and manage a pre-determination for an I-O product.
- Describe the process to appeal a denied claim for I-O products.
- Describe a process to ensure medication access for I-O agents when faced with an insurance denial.



Common Reason for Denials

- Lack of pre-certification or authorization
- Medical necessity
- Experimental and investigational
- Requires additional information
- Non-covered service/medication on the plan benefit
- Out of network provider
- Timely filing of claims
- Multiple diagnoses coding for disease states and metastases- payer does not apply correct codes to medications
- Error in number of units billed to payer



General Rules for Denials

- Discover the root cause of the denial
 - Review payer specific policy, Local Coverage Determination (LCD), National Coverage Determination (NCD)
 - Determine if pre-certification or prior authorization was completed
 - Review documentation
 - Reimbursement is linked to the quality of the bill
 - Coders obtain information from medical record but sometimes required information is missing
- Look for denial trends with payers
 - Drugs, diagnosis, charge threshold



- Request for Ipilimumab 3mg/kg and Nivolumab 1mg/kg every 3 weeks combination followed by Nivolumab 3mg/kg every 2 weeks for metastatic melanoma to the genital region & lymph node
- Diagnosis code: C43.72, C79.82, C77.4
- Insurance: Anthem
- Cost of therapy: \$136,728
- Level of evidence:
 - NCCN level of evidence 2A
 - · Anthem clinical policy



- Initial thoughts?
 - Case meets NCCN and Anthem Clinical policy guidelines
- Concern for reimbursement?
 - None
- What happened next...
 - Denied for Experimental and Investigational usage



- Final outcome
 - Submit an appeal that contained:
 - Infusion orders and pharmacy records
 - Nursing administration and performance status assessment
 - Prescriber clinical records
 - Authorization for treatment from AIM pharmacy specialty services
 - Current lab and scan results
- Appeal successful and reimbursement granted



- Request for pembrolizumab 2mg/kg every three weeks for metastatic melanoma to lymph node
- Diagnosis code: C77.9
- Insurance: Caresource Medicaid
- Cost of therapy: \$155,567
- Level of evidence:
 - FDA approved
 - NCCN supported level 1
 - Clinical policy for payer



- Initial thoughts?
 - Case should be approved without issues
- Concern for reimbursement?
 - None
- What happened next...
 - The case was DENIED. Why?
 - Omission of data? Wrong code? Clinical policy outdated?



- Final outcome
 - Clinical policy was outdated with BRAF testing required and prior ipilimumab therapy
 - Peer to peer needed to be performed
 - No call received from the payer after the peer scheduled
 - Contacted the pharmacy director to get a reconsideration due to outdated policy
- Appeal successful and reimbursement granted



- Request for nivolumab 3mg/kg every 2 weeks for metastatic melanoma to lymph node
- Diagnosis code: C43.72, C77.8
- Insurance: Original Medicare
- Cost of therapy: \$150,129
- Level of evidence:
 - FDA approval
 - NCCN supported Level 1
 - LCD supported diagnosis



- Initial thoughts?
 - Case should be approved without issues
 - No ABN needed
- Concern for reimbursement?
 - None
- What happened next...
 - Denied for medical necessity & units of service exceed acceptable maximum
 - Why did this deny?
 - Coding? C43.72, C77.8
 - Dose? Patient weight 160kg = 480mg dose



- Final outcome
 - Submit an appeal that contained:
 - Infusion orders and pharmacy records
 - Nursing administration and performance status assessment
 - Prescriber clinical records
 - Authorization for treatment from AIM pharmacy specialty services
 - Current lab and scan results
 - Medicare Redetermination Request Form
- Appeal successful and reimbursement granted



New Agents and Off-Label Requests



Pre-Determination Approaches

- Communicating with payers
 - Need to be clear you are requesting approval for an OFF-LABEL use for cancer treatment
 - Need to state that you are calling about an intravenous infusion from an outpatient oncology clinic versus from an outpatient pharmacy (i.e., medical benefit, not pharmacy)
 - Payers have different requirements for approval (i.e. literature support)
 - Different payer = different departments to contact
 - Medical Review, Case Management, Predetermination, etc.
 - Keep copies of all authorizations granted



Pre-Determination Basics

- Verify medical insurance
- Obtain copies of pertinent information from patient medical record (treatment plan, diagnostic studies, etc.)
- Retrieve supporting literature
- Verify compendia and NCD/LCD support
- Identify appropriate ICD-10 code(s) and HCPCS code(s) for medications
- Draft letter of medical necessity
- Fax letter and supporting evidence to payer
- Confirm payer has received information
- Continue to follow-up until approval/denial received
- Request approval number and individual name



- Request for nivolumab 3mg/kg every 2
 weeks for metastatic epithelioid sarcoma
 with metastatic disease to the lung, scalp,
 kidney and soft tissue
- Diagnosis code: C49.9, C78.02, C77.4
- Insurance: Aetna
- Cost of therapy: \$75,064
- Level of evidence: Case studies



- Initial thoughts?
 - Patient has failed multiple lines of therapy
 - Aggressive disease
 - Limited data
- Concern for reimbursement?
 - High concern for denial
- What happened next...
 - Complete pharmaceutical enrollment form
 - Submit pre-determination



- Final Outcome:
 - The pre-determination was submitted to Aetna
 - Initially the case was denied
 - Peer to peer appeal was arranged
 - Denial was over turned
 - Claims were submitted and reimbursed after appeal for experimental and investigational denial after bill was received.
- Appeal successful and reimbursement granted



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- Request for nivolumab 3mg/kg every 2 weeks for Stage IV breast cancer
- Diagnosis code: C50.919
- Insurance: Original Medicare
- Cost of therapy: \$50,042
- Level of evidence:
 - Diagnosis not supported by the LCD



- Initial thoughts?
 - Diagnosis not supposed by the LCD
 - No compendia support for diagnosis
- Concern for reimbursement?
 - Medicare will deny the claim
- What happened next...
 - ABN is necessary
 - Submit pharmaceutical access paperwork through BMS



- Final Outcome
 - Patient was accepted into the BMS Oncology assistance program to receive free medication
 - ABN was delivered to the patient 24 hours prior to therapy



Redetermination Process



Reshaping Medical Policies

- Request modification of the LCD via a "reconsideration packet"
- Submit request in writing from a physician
- Provide one Phase III or two Phase II
 (possibly Phase I) clinical trial data from a
 peer-reviewed journal and published
 evidence-based guidelines (if available)
- Identify other MACs who reimburse for the indication in question



- Request to expand the Pembrolizumab Local Coverage Decision (LCD) for Cigna Governmental Services
- Request the expansion to include ICD-10 codes applicable to the treatment of Merkel cell carcinoma (MCC).



- Initial thoughts?
 - Requests for therapy from prescribers
 - Available evidence
 - Safe or tolerable therapy
- Level of evidence
 - Phase II trial- N Engl J Med.2016;374:2542-52. "PD-1 Blockade with Pembrolizumab in Advanced Merkel-Cell Carcinoma"



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- Final outcome
 - Expansion of the CGS local coverage determination for MCC
 - Addition of thirty ICD-10 codes



Questions?



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Presentation slides and archived recording will be available at accc-iclio.org



