Leveraging Technology to Develop an Express Symptom Management Program and Reduce Oncology ED Visits



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n the United States, of the estimated 131 million patients who visited the emergency department (ED) in 2020, only 14% were admitted into the hospital.¹ These data show that many people are presenting to the ED with health issues that likely could be addressed in a less costly care setting. In fact, it was the substantial strain placed on health care workers and organizations by unnecessary ED visits that prompted administrators at Orlando Health Cancer Institute to develop an express symptom management program in July 2021. The program was designed to effectively triage and treat cancer-related symptoms in the outpatient setting. Dana Salcedo, MSN, APRN, AGACNP-C, NP-C, an outpatient infusion and express symptom management nurse practitioner, took the clinical lead on the project. Her team had 1 goal: to capture patients and address their concerns before they needed to go to the ED.

Program Inception

Like those of most cancer programs and practices around the country, staff members at Orlando Health Cancer Institute and its outpatient services were significantly impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. Our experienced, long-term oncology nurses were facing burnout and choosing to leave our workforce. As we struggled to replace those experienced individuals with newer and less experienced nurses entering the field, we faced greater demand and volumes across all our sites and expanded from a team of 62 physicians to 104 physicians in less than 2 years. These concurrent events had this impact:

- A growing number of active oncology patients visited the ED (in some cases, multiple times)
- Patients complained about the inability to contact the cancer care provider or cancer care team during the day when they felt ill or experienced acute symptomatic concerns
- Clinical teams were overextended and unable to handle patient calls and messages about acute needs
- An OP-35 (Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services outpatient chemotherapy measure) that was less than ideal
- Deficits in the care continuum for many patients were noted by our infusion advanced practice provider (APP) and chair placement teams.

Staff at Orlando Health Cancer Institute collected data on patients who arrived at the ED by means other than ambulance and then were discharged soon after (Figure 1). Members from quality, operations, *Continued on page 39* The express symptom management team was able to help patients with cancer in managing their symptoms over the phone, in person, or, when indicated, through hospital admission.

Figure 1. Reasons for ED Visits at Orlando Health Cancer Institute—January 2022 to November 2022



475 ED Visits (Data Presented 1 year ending 11/2022)

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and infusion teams then convened to analyze these data, finding that 55% of patients with cancer who presented to the ED could have been successfully managed in the outpatient setting.

Even with limitations to our clinic space, APP capacity, and staffing levels, we had to act. Our infusion advanced practice registered nurse (APRN) agreed to start the express symptom management program with 1 triage nurse to assist with same and next-day chair placement within our 6 infusion locations. With this new program, patients would be able to have either a virtual visit or same-day work-up and treatment within our downtown infusion center. The 2-person team managed acute adverse effects (AEs) of chemotherapy and radiation, including infectious workups, pain and supportive care, and patients at-risk for electrolyte derangement, partnering with the primary oncologist in all planning and intervention.

The team quickly worked with the marketing team to create print pieces (Figure 2) and educational in-services to target patients, RNs, patient navigators, and physicians throughout our 15 clinical outpatient locations. Within 2 weeks, rack cards were shared with the clinical teams, and refrigerator magnets were handed out to patients for ready reference. In addition, information about the new express symptom management service was added as a component of the initial infusion visit.

Even with these efforts, we did not receive the expected level of patient engagement at program launch. Traditional communication with and messaging to patients and providers clearly was not sufficient. Staff at Orlando Health Cancer Institute had to do more if patients were to be managed proactively to keep them out of the ED and avoid any associated and preventable admissions. Our goal at Orlando Health Cancer Institute is always to minimize bacterial and viral exposure of patients with cancer, especially when they are at the highest risk and immunocompromised during treatment.

Leveraging Technology

To assist in fine-tuning the express symptom management program, staff at Orlando Health Cancer Institute implemented a business intelligence dashboard to collect data on patients with cancer who presented to the ED (Figures 3 and 4). Armed with this information, the team was able to track unnecessary ED visits that could have been managed via express symptom management in real time and not while waiting for OP-35 data. The dashboard allowed for tracking and monitoring of these high-risk patients and created a measurable outcome. The express symptom management team was able to help patients with cancer in managing their symptoms over the phone, in person, or, when indicated, through hospital admission.

In 2022, the express symptom management team further advanced these services by partnering with the information technology (IT) team to create automated MyChart (Epic Systems) messages delivered before infusion (phase 1) and after infusion (phase 2). These automated messages are triggered by the electronic health record based on the scheduled chemotherapy appointment. Now patients receive reminders (Figure 5) and education (Figure 6) before infusion and, most importantly, a treatment message that includes a selfmanagement algorithm of common AEs and management strategies after infusion (Figure 7). For issues beyond self-management, patients



The team at Orlando Health Cancer Institute poses with its 2023 ACCC Innovator Award.

Figure 2. Marketing Piece With Referral Information



Express Symptom Management

During your cancer care and treatment, you may experience discomfort or have concerns about new or worsening symptoms and side effects. For your comfort and convenience, the Orlando Health Cancer Institute offers the Express Symptom Managem program. This program is designed to provide the care you need, so you can avoid unnecessary and inconvenient visits to an urgent care cente emergency room.

Care Options

Express Symptom Management offers the follo care options

- Triage Call Talk to a cancer care nurse at
- (321) 841-9575. • Video Visit Use the TEAMS app. Find this app via the
- Apple or Google Play store on your computer, table or mobile device. Your care team can assist you with installation, if needed.
- In-Person Visits Same-day availabilities

Hours

• Bleeding

of breath

• Dizziness

abdominal pain

Difficulty urinating

Open Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 4:00 pm

Your Comfort is Our Priority

Consider consulting Express Symptom Management for assistance if you're experiencing any of the following:

- Fatigue
- · Cough or shortness • Fever (greater than 100.4°)
- Pain Diarrhea, nausea or
 - Skin problems
 - Swelling of the legs
 - Vomiting

If this is urgent or you are experiencing a medical emergency, call 911 im

are instructed to call members of the express symptom management program for clinical evaluation.

In the summer of 2023, phase 3 of the program began by expanding the post-infusion trigger to include automated messages following every treatment. The team worried that patients would develop message fatigue and anticipated hearing patient complaints about receiving too many messages, but the opposite occurred. After phase 3, the express symptom management team saw a sudden spike in use (Figure 8) and contributed this uptick to the additional (Continued on page 41)

Figure 3. Examples of Business Intelligence Dashboard Tracking of ED and Unplanned Admissions

Regim	en Table			Regimen by Cancer Type					
administered	Count % of Grand Total 🔥		^	administered	Cancer Type	Count	% of Grand Total		
PEMBROLIZUMAB	IAB 230 7.77%			DARATUMUMAB	Myeloma	7	6 2.57%		
CARBOPLATIN PACLITAXEL	160	5.40%	- 18	PACLITAXEL	Breast	7	3 2.46%		
PACLITAXEL	120	4.05%	- 18	PEMBROLIZUMAB	Lung	6	6 2.23%		
FLUOROURACIL OXALIPLATIN	109	3.68%	- 18	GEMCITABINE PACLITAXEL	Pancreas	5	1 1.72%		
NIVOLUMAB	95	3.21% 2.63% 2.57% 2.53% 2.09%		FLUOROURACIL OXALIPLATIN	Colon	5	0 1.69%		
DARATUMUMAB	78			FLUOROURACIL IRINOTECAN OXALIPLATIN	Pancreas	4	5 1.52%		
LUOROURACIL	76			FULVESTRANT	Breast	4	5 1.52%		
EMCITABINE	75			GOSERELIN	Breast	4	2 1.42%		
LUOROURACIL IRINOTECAN	62			CARBOPLATIN PACLITAXEL	Uterine	4	1 1.38%		
TOPOSIDE	59	1.99%	18	DERUXTECANNXKI FAMTRASTUZUMAB	Breast	4	1 1.38%		
CISPLATIN GEMCITABINE	57	1.92%	- 18	NIVOLUMAB	Kidney	4	1 1.38%		
OSERELIN	55	1.86%	-18	BORTEZOMIB	Myeloma	3	6 1.22%		
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otal	2962	100.00%	- 1	FLUOROURACIL	Colon	3	5 1.18%		
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				CISPLATIN GEMCITABINE	Liver	3	3 1.11%		
mptom Group		Count	^	PERTUZUMAB	Breast	3	2 1.08%		
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Search		~ .		Patient Name MRN	Visit Count	BRA	IN METASTASES METASTATIC		
			- 1	Total	2962				

ED, emergency department; MRN, medical record number.

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Figure 4. Example of Dashboard With OP-35 Data on Patients With Cancer

					Visit Count by Pati	ient			76
ays after Chemo	OP35 Diagnosis	Plan Provider		Administered		cancer_type	Type of Hospital V	/isit	Count of MRN 🔺
27	Emesis	MEUNIER, JOSEPH K		CARBOPLATIN	PACLITAXEL	Uterine	Hospital Admissio	on Emergency Department	1
2	Pain	BRAHMBHATT, JAMIN V		DOCETAXEL GEMCITABINE		Urinary Tract	Emergency Depar	tment	1
14	Sepsis	KAYALEH, OMAR R		NIVOLUMAB		Other-GI	Hospital Admissio	on Emergency Department	1
11	Anemia	LANDAU, DANIEL A		CARFILZOMIB		Myeloma	Hospital Admissio	on Emergency Department	1
11	Diarrhea	ROSTORFER, REGAN D		PACLITAXEL		Breast	Emergency Depar	tment	1
1	Emesis	ROSTORFER, REGAN D		PACLITAXEL PERTUZUMAB		Breast	Emergency Depar	tment	1
6	Pain	ROSTORFER, REGAN D		PERTUZUMAB		Breast	Emergency Department		1
14	Sepsis	KAYALEH, OMAR R		NIVOLUMAB		Other-GI	Hospital Admissio	on Emergency Department	1
22	Neutropenia	SARRIERA, JOSE E		AZACITIDINE		Leukemia	Hospital Admissio	on Emergency Department	1
11	Neutropenia	SARRIERA, JOSE E		AZACITIDINE		Leukemia	Hospital Admissio	on Emergency Department	1
4	Diarrhea	SHAH, NIKITA C		CARBOPLATIN PACLITAXEL		Breast	Emergency Depar	tment	1
12	Pain	SHAH, NIKITA C		CARBOPLATIN PACLITAXEL		Breast	Emergency Depar	tment	1
29	Pain	CUESTA FERNANDEZ, ANA E		PACLITAXEL		Breast	Hospital Admissio	Hospital Admission Emergency Department	
1	Dehydration	ANSCHER, DANIEL C		CARBOPLATIN ETOPOSIDE		Prostate	Hospital Admissio	on Emergency Department	1
0	Pain	ANSCHER, DANIEL C		ATEZOLIZUMAB CARBOPLATIN ETOPOSIDE		Prostate	Hospital Admissio	on Emergency Department	1
1	Nausea	ANSCHER, DANIEL C		ACETATE LEUPROLIDE		Prostate	Emergency Depar	tment	1
0	Emesis	KAYALEH, OMAR R		FLUOROURACIL NIVOLUMAB OXALIPLATIN		Stomach	Hospital Admission Emergency Department		1
16	Nausea	PATHAK, PRAJWOL		ATEZOLIZUMAB		Lung	Hospital Admission Emergency Department		1
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39 OP.35 57 (6%) ^(4%) • Pain			OP.35 Pain		12 (1%) (0%)	– 172 (17%)	cancer_type ● Breast	11/2/2021 🖾 6/6/2023	
61 (6%)			 Sepsis Anemia 	1 21	5 (1%)	121 (12%)	 Lung Non-Hodakins ly 	0	C
// (/%)			 Neutropen 	ia 27	(3%)		• Colon	Unique Patier	its
85 (8%)			Fever	29) (3%)	74 (7%)	Pancreas		
117 (11%) - 181 (18%) - 181 (18%)			Pneumonia		34 (3%)	73 (7%)	Leukemia	775	

Chemo, chemotherapy; GI, gastrointestinal; MRN, medical record number; OP-35, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services outpatient chemotherapy measure.

Figure 5. Epic View of the Pre-Infusion Message in MyChart



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patient messaging. Figure 9 illustrates program growth during this 3-phase process.

In addition to tracking the growth in patient calls and visits, the express symptom management team worked closely with the quality team to monitor the dashboard and proactively target disease sites and patient populations who used ED services the most. Working together, the 2 teams developed education pathways and in-service programs for health care providers and support staff. Arming clinicians and other staff members with the appropriate tools and making them comfortable with triaging and sending patients to the express symptom management team as early as possible allowed intervention before patients considered an ED visit and reduced avoidable visits. When a patient needed admission, the express symptom management team worked directly with the primary oncology team to admit patients directly to further protect them from unnecessary exposure to ED environments.

As the express symptom management team grew, so did the demands placed on the 2-person team. Administrators at Orlando Health Cancer Institute used this growth to establish a pro forma and obtain approval to add a second APRN and a part-time full-time equivalent (FTE) staff member to help cover infusion rounds and the growing patient demand for this service. This expansion allowed the APPs to spend additional educational time with patients. (Prior to this program expansion, many patients believed that their time was rushed.) Adding additional providers had a positive impact on patients and the outpatient clinical teams who used express symptom management services.

Measuring Impact

In retrospect, administrators at Orlando Health Cancer Institute recognized that it was when the cancer program started to leverage technology on multiple fronts that the express symptom management program first started to grow. As shown in Figure 10, use was increasing slowly until phase 3, when regular MyChart patient messaging was initiated. Indeed, it seemed that patient use of express symptom management services doubled with the flip of that switch. Further, data showed that Orlando Health Cancer Institute was successfully reaching its patients and delivering interventions to keep them out of the ED and hospital.

That said, when data analyst Matt Paster started to gather ED volume and compare data sets, he was initially disappointed to see an increase in ED volume. With his understanding of express symptom management utilization and patient feedback, he performed more analyses to understand these conflicting data. He soon found that data showing an increase and then flattening of ED volume were tied to growth in overall chemotherapy volume. The data showed an almost 30% increase in ED visits; however, when the growth in chemotherapy volume and increased use of express symptom management services was factored in, ED use

Figure 6. Pre-Infusion Education Message in MyChart



Preparing for Your Infusion

Arrival and Check-In: 15-20 Minutes

- Remember to pick-up your nausea/diarrhea/constipat medication from the pharmacy and bring them with you to your first treatment.
- Check-in at front desk 5 minutes prior to scheduled
- appointment time.
 You do not have to fast for labs unless otherwise directed
- by your physician.
- You may need to wai

1 Before going into the lob draw station/port ro 2 While your treatment chair is being prepared

Treatment Area: 2-8 Hours

- Your chair may be located in a pod with several other cha Curtains/dividers separate the chairs for privacy.
- You may ask one guest to join you in the treatment area.
 Keep in mind that children under the age of 12 are not
- permitted. • You are welcome to bring your own food and drinks.

Scheduling: Questions or Cancellations If you have questions or concerns about your appointment, or need to cancel it (at least 24 hours

in advance), please call scheduling at: Infusion/Chemotherapy Appointments: (321) 841-7712 Cilinic Appointments: (321) 841-1869 We encourage you and your caregivers to use Expret Symptom Management for fast access to your

healthcare team. If you are experiencing a medical emergency,

call 911 immediately.

Express Symptom Management (321) 841-9575 Monday - Friday 8:00 am - 4:00 pm*

Figure 7. Post-Infusion Education Message in MyChart



was actually on the decline. In other words, implementation of express symptom management services was making a considerable impact and decreasing ED visits and use (Figure 10). Extrapolation of these data showed that only about 2% of patients who had gone to the ED needed to be hospitalized; the rest just needed supportive care.

Express symptom management services have also improved and enhanced outpatient clinic flow. Providers find comfort in knowing that they have a resource available to their patients. Patients with cancer who present at Orlando Health Cancer Institute share a similar enthusiasm for the program. The patients absolutely love it—they feel like they have an extra pair of eyes to help them at a moment's notice.

The flourishing strategic partnership between the clinical oncology team and the IT team has been integral to the program's success. As in everything in the current health care environment, the appropriate use of technology is critical for moving forward. Technology allows clinical providers to maximize their time with patients, lets cancer care teams meet patients where they desire during their health care journey, and supports efforts to stabilize staffing challenges and needs. The mission of Orlando Health Cancer Institute is to provide quality of care to all patients. Members of the cancer care team receive many letters of support and thanks from patients. As a patient wrote, "...Without these 2...being there that day, I am pretty sure I would have ended up in the emergency department for dehydration. They made the difference of going to the hospital or being able to come home that day and rest." This testimonial speaks volumes about the express symptom management program and its importance (Figure 11); it also reflects the improvements and changes made by Orlando Health Cancer Institute. Bringing patients into the infusion center to be assessed, treated, and sent home without exposing them to an unsafe ED environment or unnecessarily admitting them to the hospital is the gold standard. These types of patient feedback and recognition serve as the catalyst for plans to expand and enlarge express symptom management services into regional facilities.

Next Steps in the Journey

Growth in infusion and bone marrow transplant volumes has capped space at Orlando Health Cancer Institute. Currently, administrators are exploring expansion into additional space until its new, larger infusion center is completed in 2024 with 4 to 5 planned rooms for express symptom management. Additional hiring of express symptom management FTE staff members is being planned, which will expand this service onsite in 5 regional facilities and enable patients to stay in their community instead of traveling downtown to the larger infusion center. By end of 2024, with the new space, administrators at Orlando Health Cancer Institute plan to expand hours of operation into the evenings and weekends, as ED use spikes have been noted during those times. The express (*Continued on page 45*)

Figure 8. Daily Calls to Express Symptom Management Since Program Inception



Figure 9. Express Symptom Management Implementation Timeline

.







Figure 11. Patient Testimonial

Good morning.

I called [the] Express Symptom Management [team], as I was having major diarrhea issues, and I felt very dehydrated with my chemotherapy treatments. I just did not feel good. They took the time to ask me questions to get the information needed to help me. Within an hour, these ladies wanted me to come to the cancer center to get the fluids and the testing I needed to find out why I was having such an issue. They kept me informed the entire time I was at the center that day. I was updated on everything that was going happen, and [they] made sure that I was OK. Since then, they have made sure that I have seen the correct doctors and made sure that I would be seen and [be] taken care of. They both have called me to follow up with my issue and [have] made sure I was being seen and being helped. They really cared, and that made me feel like I was important to them and not just another patient. I wanted to say that without those 2 ladies being there that day, I am pretty sure I would have ended up in the emergency department for dehydration. They made the difference of going to the hospital or being able to come home that day and rest.

Thank you for the great care.

Continued from page 42

symptom management team is excited about the considerable impact it will have with this expansion.

On the technology front, the next phase includes an AE questionnaire that will be sent through MyChart to patients for self-reporting. These will be data that Orlando Health Cancer Institute staff can use to enhance and develop new components of the express symptom management program and to design further interventions. For the first 3 phases, Orlando Health Cancer Institute members only worked within the Epic MyChart realm for automated communications. The Institute's MyChart activation rate hovered around 70%; accordingly, the team understands that delivery of this same information has been missed in 30% of patients. To reach these individuals, the express symptom management team is working closely with IT to activate texting and email communication based on individual preference to ensure that all patients receive critical information about the express symptom management service.

The advisory board suggests that these 4 tactics be used to reduce ED visits and hospitalizations:²

- 1. Implementing standardized telephone triage
- 2. Implementing flexible scheduling systems
- 3. Deploying advanced practice providers
- 4. Creating dedicated space for urgent care

With APPs already deployed in the express symptom management program and a planned expansion, growth in Orlando Health Cancer Institute's patient volume and demand led organically to a focus on triage and flexible scheduling. Currently, the Orlando Health Cancer Institute has a task force focused on cloning the triage process and skillset of its express symptom management program throughout its outpatient clinics. This training will help to minimize the time spent within the messaging matrix and increase the number of patients directed immediately to the express symptom management team for care. Other work in progress includes establishment of clear lanes of operation and separation of infusion rounds accomplished by APPs from the express symptom management program to allow for more add-ons throughout the day—that is implementation of flexible scheduling systems. With growth in both the infusion and express symptom management programs, being intertwined with staff accomplishing infusion rounds has limited the express symptom management team's ability to have contact with patients.

The staff at Orlando Health Cancer Institute is excited about the next steps and looks forward to reporting successes and achievements at the end of 2024. Aside from best serving its patients and communities, the Express Symptom Management program will have significant impact on overall cost of care, quality outcomes, and best practice in value-based care for patients with cancer and the systems that treat them.

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